VIDYA BHAWAN BALIKA VIDYA PITH

शक्तिउत्थानआश्रमलखीसरायबिहार

Class 12 commerce Sub. ACT Date 8.7.2020 Teacher name – Ajay Kumar Sharma

Illustration 14

Mohit, Neeraj and Sohan are partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 2 : 1 : 1. Neeraj retires and Mohit and Sohan decided that the capital of the new firm will be fixed at Rs. 1,20,000. The capital accounts of Mohit and Sohan show a credit balance of Rs. 82,000 and Rs. 41,000 respectively after making all the adjustments. Calculate the actual cash to be paid off or to be brought in by the continuing partners and pass the necessary journal entries.

Solution

The New Profit Sharing Ratio between Mohit and Sohan = 2 : 1

	Mohit	Sohan
New Capital based new ratio is	80,000	40,000
Existing Capital (after adjustments) is	82,000	41,000
Cash to be brought in on (Paid off)	2,000	1,000

Date	Particulars		L.F.	Debit Amount (Rs.)	Credit Amount (Rs.)
	Mohit's Capital A/c	Dr.		2,000	
	Sohan's Capital A/c To Cash A/c (Excess capital withdrawn by Sohan)	Dr.		1,000	3,000

Books of Mohit and Sohan Journal

2. When the total capital of new firm is not specified.

Illustration 15

Asha, Deepa and Lata are partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 3 : 2 : 1. Deepa retires. After making all adjustments relating to revaluation, goodwill and accumulated profit etc., the capital accounts of Asha and Lata showed a credit balance of Rs. 1,60,000 and Rs. 80,000 respectively. It was decided to adjust the capitals of Asha and Lata in their new profit sharing ratio. You are required to calculate the new capitals of the partners and record necessary journal entries for bringing in or withdrawal of the necessary amounts involved.

Solution

a.	Calculation of new capitals of the existinging partners				
	Balance in Asha's Capital (after all adjustments)	=	1,60,0	000	
	Balance in Lata's Capital	-	80,0	000	
	Total Capital of the New Firm	-	2,40,0	000	
	Based on the new profit sharing ratio of 2:1				
	Asha's New Capital = Rs. 2,40,000 $\times \frac{3}{4} = 1,80,000$				
	Lata's New Capital = Rs. 2,40,000 $\times \frac{1}{4} = 60,000$				
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Note :The total capital of the new firm is based on the sum of the balance in the capital accounts of the continuing partners.

b. Calculation of cash to be brought in o	r withdrawn by the conti	nuing partners
	Asha	Lata
	(Rs.)	(Rs.)
New Capitals	1,80,000	60,000
Existing Capitals	1,60,000	80,000
c. Cash to be brought in on (paid off)	20,000	20,000

Date	Particulars		L.F.	Debit Amount (Rs.)	Credit Amount (Rs.)
	Cash A/c To Asha Capital A/c (Cash brought by Asha)	Dr.		20,000	20,000
	Lata's Capital A/c To Cash A/c (Surplus capital withdrawn by Lata)	Dr.		20,000	20,000

Books of Asha and Lata Journal

3. When the amount payable to retiring partner will be contributed by continuing partners in such a way that their capitals are adjusted proportionate to their new profit sharing ratio:

Illustration 16

Lalit, Pankaj and Rahul are partners sharing profits in the ratio of 4 : 3 : 3. After all adjustments, on Lalit's retirement with respect to general reserve, goodwill and revaluation etc., the balances in their capital accounts stood at Rs. 70,000, Rs. 60,000 and Rs. 50,000 respectively. It was decided that the amount payable to Lalit will be brought by Pankaj and Rahul in such a way as to make their capitals proportionate to their profit sharing ratio. Calculate the amount to be brought by Pankaj and Rahul and record necessary journal entries for the same. Also record necessary entry for payment to Lalit.

After Lalit's retirement, the new profit sharing ratio between Pankaj and Rahul is 3 : 3, i.e. 1 : 1.

Solution

a.	Calculation of total capital of the new firm		
	Balance in Pankaj's Capital account (after adjus	stment) =	60,000
	Balance in Rahul's Capital account (after adjus	tment) =	50,000
	Amount payable to Lalit (Retiring partner)	=	70,000
	Total capital of new firm (i) + (ii) + (iii)	=	1,80,000
b.	Calculation of new capitals of the continuing partne	ers	
	Pankaj's New Capital = Rs. 1,80,000 $\times \frac{1}{2}$	=	Rs. 90,000
	Rahul's New Capital = Rs. 1,80,000 $\times \frac{1}{2}$	=	Rs. 90,000

c. Calculation of the amounts to be brought in or withdrawn by the continuing partners

	Pankaj (Rs.)	Rahul (Rs.)
New Capital (Rs. 1,80,000 in the ratio of 1 : 1)	90,000	90,000
Existing capital (after adjustment)	60,000	50,000
Cash to be brought in	30,000	40,000

Books of Pankaj and Rahul Journal

Date	Particulars	L.F.	Debit Amount (Rs.)	Credit Amount (Rs.)
	Cash A/c To Pankaj's Capital A/c To Rahul's Capital A/c	Dr.	70,000	30,000 40,000
	(Amounts brought by Pankaj and Rahul) Lalit's Capital A/c To Cash A/c (Amount paid to Lalit on retirement)	Dr.	70,000	70,000